UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/881,041	06/15/2001	Glenn Philander Vonk	P-5013	5157
	7590 05/09/201 et, VP & Chief IP Cour	EXAM	IINER	
Becton, Dickinson and Company			SEREBOFF, NEAL	
1 Becton Drive MC 110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Franklin Lakes, NJ 07417-1880			3626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/09/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

1	UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
2	<u> </u>
3	
4	BEFORE THE BOARD OF PATENT APPEALS
5	AND INTERFERENCES
6	
7	
8	Ex parte GLENN PHILANDER VONK, ANN K. FRANTZ, DAVID
9	JOSHUA WHELLAN, CHRISTOPHER MICHAEL O'CONNOR,
10	GEORGE B. GOLDMAN
11	
12	
13	Appeal 2011-001314
14	Application 09/881,041
15	Technology Center 3600
16	
17	
18	Defere HUDEDT C LODIN ANTON W EETTING and
19	Before HUBERT C. LORIN, ANTON W. FETTING, and
20	JOSEPH A. FISCHETTI, Administrative Patent Judges.
21	FETTING, Administrative Patent Judge.

DECISION ON APPEAL

1	STATEMENT OF THE CASE ¹
2	Glenn Philander Vonk, Ann K. Frantz, David Joshua Whellan,
3	Christopher Michael O'Connor and George B. Goldman (Appellants) seek
4	review under 35 U.S.C. § 134 (2002) of a final rejection of claims 1-7, the
5	only claims pending in the application on appeal. We have jurisdiction over
6	the appeal pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 6(b) (2002).
7	The Appellants invented a way for healthcare managers and providers to
8	interactively cooperate with patients to monitor and evaluate patient status to
9	provide the most appropriate treatment for the patients in the most cost-
10	effective manner. Specification ¶ 0003.
11	An understanding of the invention can be derived from a reading of
12	exemplary claim 1, which is reproduced below [bracketed matter and some
13	paragraphing added].
14 15	1. A system for monitoring health-related conditions of patients, comprising:
16	[1] a plurality of remote monitoring stations,
17	each being configured to receive patient health-related
18	data pertaining to a respective patient; and
19	[2] a computer network comprising
20	a database containing accumulated health-related
21	data pertaining to health-related conditions and
22 23	treatments that reveals population trends and outcomes and

¹ Our decision will make reference to the Appellants' Appeal Brief ("App. Br.," filed May 13, 2010) and Reply Brief ("Reply Br.," filed October 4, 2010), and the Examiner's Answer ("Ans.," mailed August 3, 2010).

Appeal 2011-001314 Application 09/881,041

1 2 3	at least one data access device configured to provide a health care provider access to said computer network and said database,
4	said computer network configured to
5 6 7	receive said patient health-related data pertaining to respective patients from said remote monitoring stations and
8 9 10	provide a health care provider with electronic treatment establishment tools to establish treatment programs for said patients
11 12 13	based on their respective patient health- related data and said accumulated health- related data, and
14	said computer network configured to
15	revise said accumulated health-related data
16	based on said patient health-related data
17 18 19	for identification of improvements in standards of care and medical practices that can be made for different ones of the health-
20	related conditions;
212223	[3] said remote monitoring stations being configured with electronic self-management tools for receiving from a respective patient said patient health-related data
24 25	relating to integration of a selected one of said treatment programs into the patient's lifestyle comprising
26 27 28 29	at least one of questions concerning health or treatment and responses to questions concerning health or treatment that are generated using said electronic self-management tools;
30 31	[4] said computer network being configured with electronic assessment tools
32 33	to allow a health care provider to assess said patient health-related data to determine

Appeal 2011-001314 Application 09/881,041

1	progress of the patient on the selected treatment			
2	program and			
3	whether information, which relates to the selected			
4	treatment program and is selected to advise the			
5	patient on how to improve the integration of the			
6 7	selected treatment program into the patient's lifestyle,			
	•			
8 9	needs to be conveyed to the patient in response to said progress determination.			
	response to said progress determination.			
10	The Examiner relies upon the following prior art:			
	Ballantyne US 5,867,821 Feb. 2, 1999			
	Summerell US 5,937,387 Aug. 10, 1999			
	Joao US 6,283,761 B1 Sept. 4, 2001			
11	Claims 1-7 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as			
12	lacking a supporting written description within the original disclosure.			
13	Claims 1-7 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as			
14	failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention.			
15	Claims 1-7 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable over			
16	Ballantyne, Joao, and Summerell.			
17	ISSUES			
18	The issues of written description and indefiniteness turn on whether the			
19	tools in limitation [4] are supported by the Specification and whether their			
20	scope is unknown. The issue of obviousness turns on whether the art			
21	describes the tools in limitation [4].			

FACTS PERTINENT TO THE ISSUES

- The following enumerated Findings of Fact (FF) are believed to be supported by a preponderance of the evidence.
- 01. We adopt and incorporate by reference Findings of Fact
 numbers 1-28 from the prior appeal decision 2009-003953 in this
 application.
 - Further Facts Related to the Prior Art
- 8 Joao

- 29. Joao can be utilized by any provider, patient, and/or intermediary, to evaluate and/or monitor treatments and evaluate patients. Joao 29:9-15.
- 30. Joao's comprehensive database provides a data and/or information source which can be accessed by any provider, from anywhere in the world, and at any time, in order to obtain information about a patient in his, her, or its care. For example, a patient traveling far from home and out of reach by his or her current healthcare provider can be treated by another provider who can access the central processing computer 10, from any location, and at any time, and obtain up-to-date and/or comprehensive patient healthcare and/or medical and family history information, current healthcare and/or medical condition, current treatment and/or care and/or any other information which can facilitate optimal healthcare and/or medical treatment. Joao 30:9-21.

ANALYSIS 1 Claims 1-7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as lacking a 2 supporting written description within the original disclosure. 3 We are persuaded by the Appellants' argument that the Specification 4 supports the claim 1 limitation [4] of the "computer network being 5 configured with electronic assessment tools to allow a health care provider 6 to assess said . . .data to determine . . .whether information, which . . . is 7 selected to advise the patient on how to improve the integration of the 8 selected treatment program into the patient's lifestyle, needs to be 9 conveyed." 10 The Appellants cite several paragraphs to contend that the cited portions 11 of the Specification "provides explicit support for information that relates to 12 a selected treatment program and is selected to advise a patient on how to 13 improve the integration of the selected treatment program into the patient's 14 lifestyle." Appeal Br. 7-8; Reply Br. 4-8. We find these paragraphs in the 15 Specification do support the limitation at issue. Paragraphs [0045], [0051], 16 and [0093] are particularly pertinent. 17 Claims 1-7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as failing to 18 particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention. 19 We are persuaded by the Appellants' arguments that the phrase "advise 20 the patient on how to improve the integration" does not render the claim 21 indefinite. Appeal Br. 8-10; Reply Br. 8-9. The Examiner found that the 22 advice to be non-functional descriptive material and afforded no patentable 23 weight. Ans. 4. This phrase comes from the same limitation in the written 24

Application 09/881,041

- description rejection, *supra*, and simply characterizes the tools, which are
- the actual structural limitation in the whole of limitation [4].
- The issue then is whether the scope of tools that allow one to do what is
- 4 recited in limitation [4] is indefinite. Although very broad, since any
- 5 diagnostic tool would at least allow such activity, the scope would be
- 6 understood by one of ordinary skill. While we agree with the Examiner that
- 7 advice is non-functional descriptive material, the mere inclusion of such
- 8 material, which is given no patentable weight, does not render a claim
- 9 indefinite.
- 10 Claims 1-7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable over 11 Ballantyne, Joao, and Summerell.
- We are unpersuaded by the Appellants' argument that the applied art
- fails to describe limitation [4] of claim 1. Appeal Br. 10-11; Reply Br. 9-10.
- 14 The Appellants contend that the information in limitation [4] is directed to
- the patient; whereas Joao directs information instead to a payer. Joao directs
- its information to many parties including the patient. FF 29 & 30. The
- 17 Appellants further contend that Joao's information is limited to that of
- payment and reasons. We find that Joao provides information that support
- their assessments as claimed. *Id*.
- Finally, in the Reply Brief, the Appellants contend that although Joao
- does provide tools for assessment and diagnosis, Joao does not do so to
- 22 assess whether information needs to be conveyed. We find that whether
- Joao explicitly conveys or describes needing to convey such information is
- 24 not dispositive, since the claim limitation only requires such tools that would
- 25 allow assessment for such necessity. Clearly, any diagnostic tool would at

- least allow for such an assessment, and Joao's tools go much further than
- 2 mere primitive diagnostics.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- The rejection of claims 1-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as
- 5 lacking a supporting written description within the original disclosure is
- 6 improper.

3

- The rejection of claims 1-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as
- 8 failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention is
- 9 improper.
- The rejection of claims 1-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable over Ballantyne, Joao, and Summerell is proper.

12 DECISION

- To summarize, our decision is as follows.
- The rejection of claims 1-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as lacking a supporting written description within the original disclosure is not sustained.
- The rejection of claims 1-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the invention is not sustained.
- The rejection of claims 1-7 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as unpatentable over Ballantyne, Joao, and Summerell is sustained.

Appeal 2011-001314 Application 09/881,041

No time period for taking any subsequent action in connection with this appeal may be extended under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a). See 37 C.F.R. § 1.136(a)(1)(iv) (2007). **AFFIRMED** erc